

A diagram showing a stack of five rectangular layers. The layers are labeled on the right side with numbers 11 through 15. Layer 11 is the topmost and is the shortest. Layer 12 is below it and is longer. Layer 13 is below layer 12 and is the same length as layer 12. Layer 14 is below layer 13 and is longer. Layer 15 is the bottommost and is the longest. The layers are stacked such that they are centered relative to each other.

A diagram showing a cross-section of a multi-layered structure. It consists of several horizontal layers of varying widths. The layers are labeled with reference numerals: 11 points to the topmost thin layer; 16 points to the layer immediately below it; 12 points to the middle section of a wider layer below 16; 13 points to the bottom section of that same wider layer; 14 points to the layer below 13; and 15 points to the bottommost, widest layer.

A diagram showing a cross-section of a multi-layered structure. The layers are labeled as follows: 11 (topmost thin layer), 16 (second layer from top), 17 (third layer from top), 12 (fourth layer from top), 13 (fifth layer from top), 14 (sixth layer from top), and 15 (bottommost thick layer). The layers are stacked vertically, with 11 and 16 being the thinnest and 15 being the thickest.

FIG. 1C

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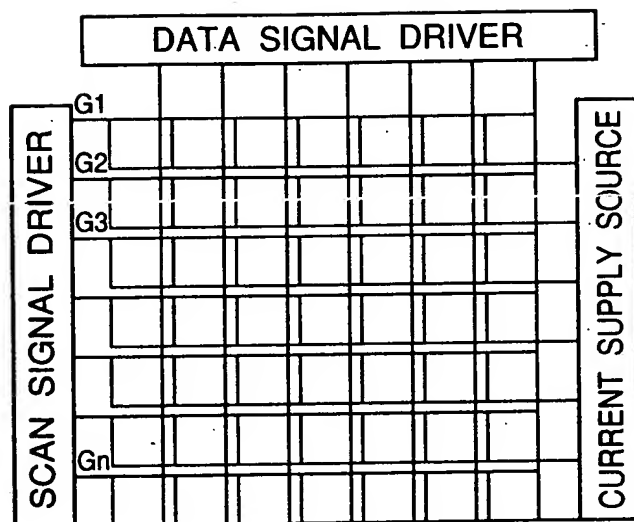


FIG. 2

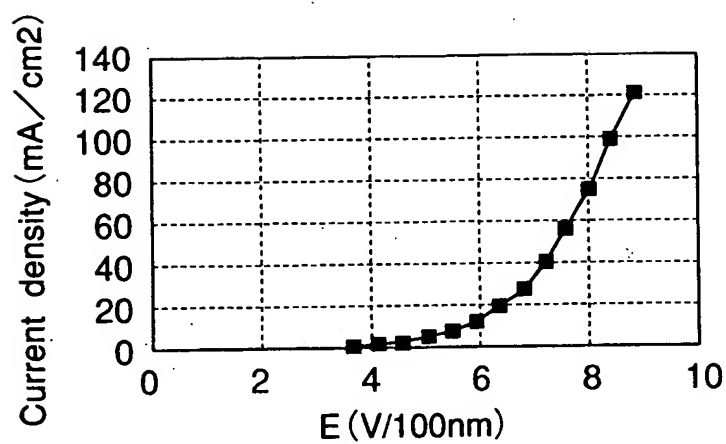


FIG. 3A

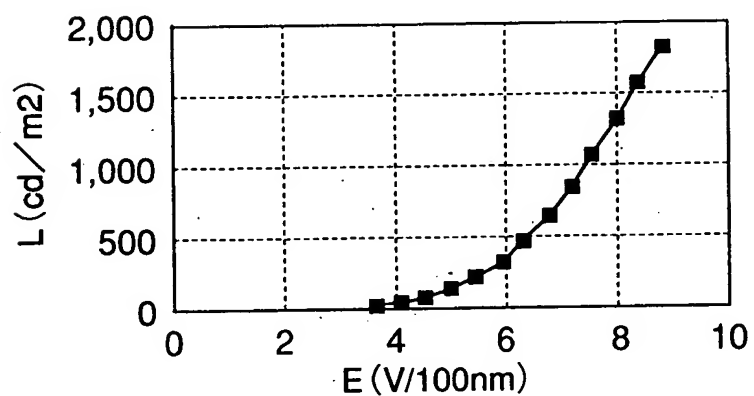


FIG. 3B

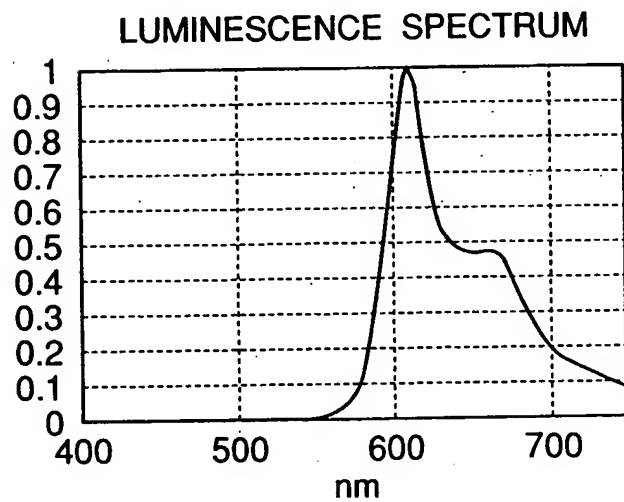


FIG. 3C